

**Quiz Chapter 23: The Reconstruction Era****Multiple Choice**

Identify the choice that best completes the statement or answers the question.

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1. The following famous quote comes from which original document? "...With malice towards none, with charity for all... let us strive on to finish the work we are in.. to achieve a just and lasting peace among ourselves and with all nations."
- a. Gettysburg Address  
b. 13th Amendment  
c. Lincoln's Second Inaugural Address  
d. Jefferson's Freedom of Religion Speech
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2. Lincoln's vice president, who became president after the assassination, was from what state?
- a. New York  
b. Kentucky  
c. Tennessee  
d. Mississippi
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3. Which of the following phrases does NOT describe the Ku Klux Klan?
- a. They tarred, feathered, murdered African Americans.  
b. They supported the election of Andrew Johnson.  
c. They dressed in long, hooded robes and were armed with guns & swords.  
d. They did their work at night.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4. Lincoln was shot while attending a play at
- a. Ford's Theater  
b. the vice president's residence  
c. the White House  
d. the Blair House
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5. Which of the following statements is NOT true of Lincoln's assassination?
- a. Lincoln was killed by a southerner.  
b. The killer thought he was defending the rights of his people.  
c. The killer was a famous actor.  
d. The killer was a famous former soldier.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 6. Who was elected president in 1868, based on the promise to protect the rights of African Americans in the South?
- a. Robert E. Lee  
b. Ulysses S. Grant  
c. Andrew Johnson  
d. Samuel Tilden
- \_\_\_\_\_ 7. Who was the assassin of Abraham Lincoln on the night of April 12, 1865?
- a. John Wilkes Booth  
b. Rutherford B. Hayes  
c. Jim Crow  
d. Homer Plessy
- \_\_\_\_\_ 8. What is the term for rights guaranteed by the Constitution to all people as citizens, especially equal treatment under the law?
- a. black codes  
b. Jim Crow laws  
c. civil rights  
d. Reconstruction
- \_\_\_\_\_ 9. What is the term for a period of time after the Civil War in which Southern states were rebuilt and brought back into the Union?
- a. the Gilded Age  
b. Time of Enforcement  
c. Rebuilding Era  
d. Reconstruction

**Matching**

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|------------------|-----------------|
| a. literacy test | e. poll tax     |
| b. lynch         | f. carpetbagger |
| c. black code    | g. scalawag     |
| d. impeach       | h. sharecropper |

- \_\_\_ 10. murder by hanging
- \_\_\_ 11. bring charges (the president was nearly removed from office)
- \_\_\_ 12. Northerner who moved south after the war to fatten himself on Southerners' misfortunes; seen by Southerners as a fortune hunter
- \_\_\_ 13. former slave who rented land from a plantation owner, paying rent not in cash but in the form of a portion of the crop (usually 1/3 to 1/2 of the crop)
- \_\_\_ 14. law passed in many southern states that required voters to pay a tax in order to vote, a tax many black Southerners could not afford
- \_\_\_ 15. law passed between 1865 & 1866 in the former Confederate states to limit the rights and freedoms of African Americans
- \_\_\_ 16. test to show reading proficiency required before allowing an individual to vote; designed to make African Americans fail and keep them from voting
- \_\_\_ 17. "worthless scoundrel", white Southerner who voted Republican, viewed by Southern Democrats as a traitor

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| a. Enforcement Act | e. 15th Amendment                    |
| b. Amnesty Act     | f. Compromise of 1877                |
| c. 13th Amendment  | g. <i>Plessy v Ferguson</i>          |
| d. 14th Amendment  | h. <i>Brown v Board of Education</i> |

- \_\_\_ 18. declared that states cannot deny the right to vote because of race or color or because the person was once a slave
- \_\_\_ 19. stated that segregation is legal as long as the facilities available to both races are roughly equal
- \_\_\_ 20. abolished slavery in the United States
- \_\_\_ 21. ended Reconstruction and returned the South to "white man's rule" by pulling all federal troops out of the South; allowed Rutherford B. Hayes to become president
- \_\_\_ 22. law making it illegal to prevent another person from voting by bribery, force or scare tactics; intended to protect the rights of blacks to vote but rarely effective because of fear of the Klan
- \_\_\_ 23. granted citizenship rights to anyone born in the US; guaranteeing citizens equal protection of the law
- \_\_\_ 24. stated that "separate schools could never be equal and public schools would have to integrate"
- \_\_\_ 25. allowed most former Confederates to vote once again; granted forgiveness of past offenses